平成30年度

一般入学試験A日程 学科試験問題 英 語 (コミュニケーション英語Ⅰ・Ⅱ)

- 1. 試験時間は、2教科合わせて120分間です。
- 2. 問題は、この冊子の1~7ページにあります。解答用紙は、別に1枚あります。
- 3. 解答は、解答用紙の問題番号に対応した解答欄に記入してください。
- 4. 問題や解答を、声に出して読んではいけません。
- 5. 印刷の不鮮明, 用紙の過不足については, 申し出てください。
- 6. 問題や解答についての質問は、原則として受け付けません。
- 7. 終了の合図があったら、すぐ筆記具を置いて、解答用紙を机の上に伏せてください。
- 8. この問題用紙は、持ち帰らないでください。
- 9. 不正な行為があった場合は、解答をすべて無効とします。
- 10. 答案の文字は、ていねいに、かつ明瞭正確に書いてください。
- 11. その他, 試験の進行については, 監督者の指示に従ってください。

植草学園大学 保健医療学部

	rr 6	
受験番号	氏 名	

20180201-14b

問題1

次の(A)と(B)について、それぞれの指示にしたがって答えなさい。

(A) それぞれ第一アクセント(第一強勢)の位置が違う単語を一つ選び、その記号を 解答欄に記入しなさい。

1	<i>𝔅</i> pref-ace	イ oc-cur	ウ ad-vice	工 de-gree
2	ア con-trib-ute	イ de-li-cious	ウ cour-te-ous	\pm de-ci-sion

(B) それぞれ下線部の発音が違う単語を一つ選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。

3	₹ gl <u>o</u> ve	√ <u>o</u> ven	ウ c <u>o</u> mfortable	エ l <u>o</u> st
4	7 m <u>a</u> nia	イ f <u>a</u> mine	ウ l <u>a</u> bel	エ cre <u>a</u> te
5	ア spr <u>ea</u> d	イ s <u>ea</u> son	ウ f <u>ea</u> ture	エ br <u>ea</u> the

問題2 次の各文の()に入る最も適切な語句をそれぞれの選択肢から選び, その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。

1	Tokyo is () the largest cities in the world.		
	7 at	√ between	ウ by	工 among
2			N 1 1	
2	Yesterday, Mary ca	to the meeting () her illness.	
	\mathcal{T} in spite	イ despite	ウ though	\pm although
3	The house () he was born is not far from here.			
	\mathcal{T} where	イ that	ウ which	エ what
4	A T 1 3/11 11	6 1'		
4	A: I don't like his v	way of speaking.		
	B: Neither ().		
	ア I am	イ am I	ウ do I	エ I don't
5	() to fin	nish the work by tomorr	OW.	
	\mathcal{T} We are in n	eed	\checkmark We are necess	sary
	ウ It is necessa	ary that	エ It is necessary	for us

- 問題3 正しい英文が完成するように、アーオの英語を並べ替え、()内の2番目 と4番目にくる語句の記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字 になっています。
- アンディがジョギングする時はいつでも音楽を聞いています。
 Andy (ア music / イ listens / ウ while / エ always / オ to) jogging.
- 2 「地震が起こったらテーブルの下にすぐ隠れなさい」と彼は言いました。
 He said, "If (ア an earthquake, / イ under / ウ is / エ there / オ get) a table as soon as possible."
- 3 あかりを消すのを忘れないでください。 (ア off / イ don't / ウ turn / エ forget / オ to) the lights, please.
- 4 これは予約しないと買えません。
 You cannot buy this if you (ア don't / イ advance / ウ it / エ in / オ order).
- 5 彼の計画を変えさせるのは不可能だと思われます。 It (ア him / イ to / ウ impossible / エ seems / オ make) change his plan.

1 Cashier: Would you like a plastic bag? Customer: No, that's fine. I have my own. Cashier: (1) \mathcal{T} One or two? \checkmark It's a plastic one. ウ Okay. Cash or credit? \perp Then you cannot buy it. 2 Teruyo: How was your summer vacation? Oliver: Awful! It rained every day. Teruyo: (2) \mathcal{T} I see. How long will you stay? \checkmark So, you spent every day at the beach? ウ It doesn't get any better than that. \perp That's unfortunate. 3 Father: How did your exams go? Son: I failed math and chemistry. Father: (3) \mathcal{T} Didn't you study? \checkmark That's thanks to your hard work. ウ How about some more TV? \perp Imagine if you hadn't studied. 4 Donald: Look at this! I won the lottery! Hillary: Wow! What are you going to do with all of that money? Donald: (4) \mathcal{T} Maybe I should look for a job. \checkmark I should get some from charity. ウ I wonder who it's for. \perp What would you do? 5 Pilot: Please take a look at the engine. Mechanic: What is the problem? Pilot: (5) \mathcal{T} It was making some funny noises. \checkmark I had it fixed as soon as I could.

問題4 次の英語の対話を読んで、1~5の()に入る最も適切な文を選び、その記号を

解答欄に記入しなさい。

ウ I feel sleepy when I lie down. エ It flies extremely well.

- 問題5 次の英語の対話を読んで、 Questions 1~5の答えとして最も適切な文や語句を 選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさい。
- A: Mr. Williams, I have a question about the next exam. Do you have a few minutes now?B: Sure, Wendy. Come in and sit down. I have to go to the library in a few minutes, but now is okay. What did you want to know?
- A: Well, as you know, I missed two classes because I was sick. So, I want to make sure about which pages are going to be covered.
- B: It's outlined in the syllabus, but the first test was on the first three chapters and the second one will be on the next four. (1)
- A: It was October sixteenth and thirtieth. Those are the only two times. I was present on the twenty-third.
- B: But you took the test, right? The test was on the thirtieth. Are you sure it wasn't another date?
- A: I did take the first test. (2) Oh, you're right. It was the ninth. How embarrassing! I should have checked that.
- B: Well, anyway if you were absent before the first test, you have nothing to worry about. You were present for all of the material to be covered on this next test.
- A: Those four chapters that you mentioned before.
- B: That's right. If that's all, then I've got to get going now.

Questions:

- 1 Choose the best sentence for (1). \mathcal{T} How about you? \checkmark What were you doing? ウ When were you absent? \perp When did you go? 2 Choose the best sentence for (2). \mathcal{T} Why are you saying I didn't? \checkmark Let me check my calendar. ウ Don't you believe me? \perp I want to write in my notebook. 3 Who is talking? \mathcal{T} A professor and a librarian. \checkmark A teacher and his daughter.
 - $\dot{\mathcal{P}}$ A professor and a colleague. \mathbf{T} A teacher and a student.

4 When was "A" ill?

- \mathcal{T} October ninth and sixteenth. \checkmark October sixteenth and thirtieth.
- $\dot{\mathcal{V}}$ October ninth and twenty-third.

 \perp October ninth and thirtieth.

5 "A" says, "How embarrassing!" What does this mean?

 \mathcal{T} It means, "I feel better now that I know the truth."

- ✓ It means, "I regret a mistake that someone else has seen."
- ウ It means, "I wish I had not been absent."
- It means, "Sometimes, it cannot be helped."

問題6 次の記事を読んで、下の問いに答えなさい。

Selected wasabi (Japanese horseradish) are assembled in Tokyo's Tsukiji market from throughout the country. In its vegetable and fruit sales floor, wasabi that line the storefront of long-established intermediate wholesaler Kushiya are especially conspicuous. They are priced at more than 20,000 yen (about \$170) per kilogram, which is higher than tuna sold in the adjacent seafood sales floor.

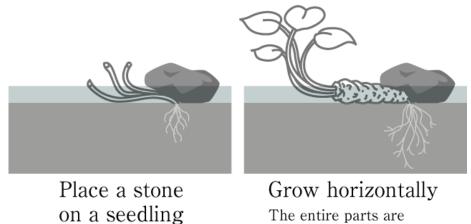
"If you know the flavors of *maguro* (tuna) and *hirame* (bastard halibut) served with this wasabi, you cannot eat them (1) it," said Masahiro Sugimoto, president of Kushiya.

What wasabi elicits such high praise from the professional maven? We visited its producer, Keiichi Tashiro, 43, a farmer in Gotemba, Shizuoka Prefecture.

Tashiro's wasabi fields are dotted along a river that flows between the mountains. The area has an abundance of spring water, whose temperature ranges between 10 and 13 degrees throughout most of the year. His wasabi fields take in this spring water. The fields are slightly inclined so that the water spreads equally to the entire fields. However, each field differs in size and shape. He slightly changes the field depending $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ such factors as the amounts of sunlight and the tilt of the land.

There are various cultivation methods, and Tashiro is adopting a method called *ishiue* (stone on). It is called that because a stone is placed on a seedling (3) wasabi starts to grow.

Image of "ishiue" cultivation



The entire parts are exposed to spring water.

"Another method is *chon-ue*, whose word origin is said to be *chokon to ueru* (planting it slightly). In addition, there is a cultivation method of protecting a seedling from outside elements by covering it with pipes," he said.

In the *ishiue* method, wasabi is (4) on its side, so it grows horizontally. As a result, almost all the parts of wasabi are exposed to spring water and become bright green.

Following in the footsteps of his father, Kaoru Tashiro, 78, Keiichi began to cultivate wasabi. His career has spanned about 20 years. However, he fails even now. In 2016, wasabi grew to only about the size of the tip of a thumb in one field. It is painful when wasabi have not grown large enough to be shipped at the time of harvesting. "I don't know the clear reason for the failure. If my father cultivates it, he does not experience such a failure," said Keiichi Tashiro. What his father has that he does not have is intuition resulting from experience, which is important for growing wasabi.

> (The Asahi Shinbun Digital, December 29, 2016から引用) (問題作成の都合上、原文の一部分を改変してあります。)

1 本文の(4)に入る最も適切な語を選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しな 1 $) \sim ($ さい。

(1) \mathcal{T} without	√ with	ウof	エ at
(2) <i>7</i> in	∕ as	ウ on	工 for
(3) \mathcal{T} how	イ what	ウ why	工 when
(4) <i>T</i> lied	イ laid	ウ lying	工 lay

- 2 本文の内容に一致している文にはT,一致していない文にはFを解答欄に記入しなさい。
 - (1) Japanese horseradish is sold at more than twenty million yen per kilogram in Tokyo's Tsukiji market.
 - (2) The temperature of spring water which flows in Tashiro's wasabi fields ranges between 10 and 13 degrees throughout most of the year.
 - (3) In *chokon to ueru* method, only a few parts of wasabi are exposed to spring water and become bright green.
 - (4) Kaoru Tashiro, 43, a farmer in Gotemba, Shizuoka Prefecture, has a twelve-year career in cultivating wasabi.
 - (5) The intuition important for growing wasabi results from experience.
- 3 上の記事の見出しとして最も適切なものを下から一つ選び、その記号を解答欄に記入しなさ い。
 - \mathcal{T} Clear Water and Wasabi
 - ✓ How Wasabi is Grown
 - ウ Various Tasting Methods of Wasabi
 - 工 The History of Wasabi